Privacy Notice – Electronic Care Record

Plain English Explanation

The Electronic Care Record is an NHS NI development. It consists of a basic medical record held on a central government database on every patient registered with a GP surgery in Northern Ireland. The basic data is automatically extracted from your GP's electronic record system along with Secondary Care Data and uploaded to the central system, GPs are required by their contract with the NHS to allow this upload. The basic upload consists of current medication, allergies and details of any previous bad reactions to medicines, the name, address, date of birth and NHS number of the patient. In addition Secondary Care uploads records of eg hospital out-patient and in-patient letters, blood tests and radiological investigations, A+E attendances.

Electronic Care Records can only be viewed within the NHS on NHS screens or by organisation, such as pharmacies, contracted to the NHS.

You can find out more about the SCR here http://www.ehealthandcare.hscni.net/niecr/niecr.aspx

You have the right to object to our sharing your data in these circumstances and you can ask your GP to block uploads.

We are required by Articles in the General Data Protection Regulations to provide you with the information in the following 9 subsections.

1) Data Controller contact details	Dr J L Gilpin
	Causeway Surgery
	2 Causeway Place,
	Newcastle
	BT33 oDN 028 43723438
2) Data Protection Officer contact details	Dr J L Gilpin
	Causeway Surgery
	2 Causeway Place,
	Newcastle
	BT33 oDN 028 43723438

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3) Purpose of the processing	Upload of basic and detailed additional ECR data
b) I dipose of the processing	opious of outle und settines additional Bort said
4) Lawful basis for	The processing of personal data in the delivery of direct care and for
processing	providers' administrative purposes in this surgery and in support of direct
	care elsewhere is supported under the following Article 6 and 9 conditions
	of the GDPR:
	Article 6(1)(e) 'necessary for the performance of a task carried
	out in the public interest or in the exercise of official authority'.
	Article 9(2)(h) 'necessary for the purposes of preventative or
	occupational medicine for the assessment of the working capacity
	of the employee, medical diagnosis, the provision of health or
	social care or treatment or the management of health or social
	care systems and services"
	We will also recognise your rights established under UK case law
	collectively known as the "Common Law Duty of Confidentiality"
5) Recipient or categories of	The data will be shared with Health and care professionals and support
recipients of the processed	staff in this surgery and at hospitals, diagnostic and treatment centres who
data	contribute to your personal care. [if possible list actual named sites such
	Las local hospital)(s) namel
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^{* &}quot;Common Law Duty of Confidentiality", common law is not written out in one document like an Act of Parliament. It is a form of law based on previous court cases decided by judges; hence, it is also referred to as

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'judge-made' or case law. The law is applied by reference to those previous cases, so common law is also said to be based on precedent.

The general position is that if information is given in circumstances where it is expected that a duty of confidence applies, that information cannot normally be disclosed without the information provider's consent.

In practice, this means that all patient information, whether held on paper, computer, visually or audio recorded, or held in the memory of the professional, must not normally be disclosed without the consent of the patient. It is irrelevant how old the patient is or what the state of their mental health is; the duty still applies.

Three circumstances making disclosure of confidential information lawful are:

- where the individual to whom the information relates has consented;
- where disclosure is in the public interest; and
- where there is a legal duty to do so, for example a court order.